Syllabus

Sociology XII Maximum Marks: 100

General Information

The paper of Sociology-XII consists of THREE Sections:

Section 'A': It consists of 20 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) and ALL MCQs are to be answered. Each MCQ carries 1 mark. The total

marks for this section are 20.

Section 'B': It consists of 12 Short-Answer Questions (SAQs) out of which 8 (Eight) questions are to be answered. Each SAQ carries 5 marks.

The total marks for this section are 40.

Section 'C': It consists of 3 Detailed-Answer Questions (DAQs) out of which 2 (Two) questions are to be answered. Each DAQ carries 20

marks. The total marks for this section are 40.

Subject: Sociology Class: XII

| Theme | | Distribution of Questions | | |
|--------------|---|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Multiple | Short | Detailed |
| | | Choice | Answer | Answer |
| | | Questions | Questions | Questions |
| | | MCQs | SAQs | DAQs |
| Introduction | Topics | 0-8 | 0-5 | 0-3 |
| | -Meaning of Ideology | | | |
| | -Ideology of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Features of Hindu and Muslim culture | | | |
| | -Differentiation between Hindu and Muslim culture | | | |
| | -Two Nation Theory | | | |

| Community Life in Pakistan | Topics | (MCQs) 0-5 | (SAQs) 0-5 | (DAQs) 0-4 |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0 | -Jirga system | (0.000.) | (640.) | (0.00.) |
| | -Advantages and disadvantages of media | | | |
| | -Effects of computers on modern society | | | |
| | -Role of women in social development | | | |
| | -Material and non-material aspects of Pakistani culture | | | |
| | -Material and non-material culture | | | |
| | -Unifying forces/factors of Pakistani culture | | | |
| | -Area of Pakistan and its provinces | | | |
| | -Characteristics of Punjabi/Sindhi/Balochi/and Pashtoon culture | | | |
| | -Characteristics of Islamic culture | | | |
| | -Merits and demerits of the caste system | | | |
| | -Caste system in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Meaning of culture in sociology | | | |
| Pakistan | Topics | 0-7 | 0-5 | 0-3 |
| The Culture of | -Salient features/characteristics of Pakistani society | (MCQs) | (SAQs) | (DAQs) |
| | -Discussion on: 'Quran, Tauheed and Risaalat are the basis of Pakistani society.' | | | |
| | -Explanation of: 'Pakistan was created in the name of Islam.' | | | |
| | -Effects of Partition of Bengal | | | |
| | -Political, Social, and religious causes/factors of the creation of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Role of Muslim League in the creation of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Aims and objectives of All India Muslim League | | | |
| | -Historical and Cultural background of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Reasons/Causes of failure of War of Independence | | | |
| | -Impact of the failure of the War of Independence on the social life of Muslims | | | |
| | of Muslims | | | |
| | -Impact of the failure of the War of Independence on the educational condition | | | |
| | -Impact of the War of Independence on the social life of Muslims | | | |
| | -Educational services of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan | | | |
| | -Political services of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan | | | |
| | -Discussion on: 'Two Nation Theory is the basis of creation of Pakistan.' | | | |
| | -Beginning and evolution of Two Nation Theory in the sub-continent | | | |

| | | | | 1 |
|---------------|--|--------|--------|--------|
| | -Characteristics of urban and rural communities in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Problems of rural and urban communities' life in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Characteristics of Joint and Nuclear Family Systems | | | |
| | -Importance of family system | | | |
| | -Merits and demerits of the Joint Family System in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Merits and demerits of the Nuclear Family System in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Reasons for the presence of the nuclear family system in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Meaning of Biradari System | | | |
| | -Importance of the Biradari System in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Advantages and disadvantages of Biradari System | | | |
| | -Explanation of Kinship System | | | |
| | -Kinship system in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Types of relationships found in Pakistani kinship system | | | |
| Population of | | (MCQs) | (SAQs) | (DAQs) |
| Pakistan | Topics | 0-8 | 0-5 | 0-4 |
| | -Explanation of Crude Birth Rate and Crude Death Rate | | | |
| | -Meaning of Demography | | | |
| | -Explanation of the term 'Over Population' | | | |
| | -Explanation of the term 'Family Planning' | | | |
| | -Importance of family planning in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Need for family planning in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Reasons for failure of family planning in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Major characteristics of the population of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Explanation of Rate of Natural Increase | | | |
| | -Carr Saunder's Theory of Optimum Numbers | | | |
| | -Distribution of the population of Pakistan according to age, sex, religion, and | | | |
| | education | | | |
| | -Quantitative characteristics of the population of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Qualitative characteristics of the population of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Causes of increase in the population of Pakistan | | | |
| | -Role of increase in literacy rate and decline in death rate in Pakistan | | | |
| | -Effects of overpopulation in our country | | | |
| | -Malthusian's Theory of Population | | | |

Model Paper

Sociology XII

A) Greek

SECTION 'A'

(Multiple Choice Questions)

| Time | Γime: 25 minutes | | | Total Marks: 20 | |
|-------|--|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Q.1 | | | | | |
| Note: | Attempt <u>ALL</u> questions from S | ection 'A'. Each question carries 6 | <u>ONE</u> mark. | | |
| 1. | The last Mughal emperor was | | | | |
| | | B) Zaheer-ud-Din Babar | C) Shah Jahan | D) Jahangir | |
| 2. | The first president of All India | Muslim League was | | | |
| | A) Liaquat Ali Khan | B) Quaid-e-Azam | C) Allama Iqbal | D) Sir Aga Khan | |
| 3. | Muhammad Bin Qasim invaded Sindh in the year AD. | | | | |
| | A) 709 | , | C) 715 | D) 718 | |
| 4. | The First Round Table Confer | rence was held at | | | |
| | A) Cairo | B) Peris | C) London | D) New York | |
| 5. | In 1906, All India Muslim Lea | gue was founded in | | | |
| | A) Dhaka | B) Bombay | C) Karachi | D) Lahore | |
| 6. | The first constitution of Pakist | an was enforced in the year | _AD. | | |
| | A) 1955 | B) 1956 | C) 1969 | D) 1973 | |
| 7. | The Muslims ruled over the su | b-continent for years. | | | |
| | A) 250 | B) 500 | C) 700 | D) 1000 | |
| 8. | Pakistan Resolution was prese | nted by | | | |
| | A) Quaid-e-Azam | B) Allama Iqbal | C) Liaquat Ali Khan | D) Molvi Fazal-ul-Haq | |
| 9. | established the All | -India National Congress. | | | |
| | A) Lord Fern | B) A.O. Hume | C) Lord Mount Batten | D) Lord Delhosi | |
| 10 |) The term culture has been deri | ved from language | | | |

C) German

D) Latin

B) Arabic

| 11. The tribes Marri and Bugti live in th | e province of | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| A) Baluchistan | B) Punjab | C) Sindh | D) Khyber Pakhtoon Khwa | | | | |
| 12. According to the constitution of 1973, the official language of Pakistan is | | | | | | | |
| A) English | B) Arabic | C) Urdu | D Persian | | | | |
| 13. The first census of Pakistan was held in | | | | | | | |
| A) 1951 | B) 1961 | C) 1981 | D) 1998 | | | | |
| 14. The theory of Cultural Lag was offered by | | | | | | | |
| A) August Comte | • | C) Weber | D) W. F. Ogburn | | | | |
| 15. The least populous province of Pakis | 15. The least populous province of Pakistan is | | | | | | |
| A) Punjab | B) Baluchistan | C) Sindh | D) Khyber Pakhtoon Khwa | | | | |
| 16. The most famous city of Punjab for furniture is | | | | | | | |
| A) Sialkot | B) Wazirabad | C) Faisalabad | D) Chiniot | | | | |
| 17. In Pashtoon culture, disputes are resolved in | | | | | | | |
| A) Jirgah | B) Court | C) Council | D) Committee | | | | |
| 18 relationship is established after marriage. | | | | | | | |
| A) Adopted | B) Formal | C) Blood | D) Marital | | | | |
| 19. The scientific study of population is called | | | | | | | |
| , | B) Demography | C) Increase in birth rate | D) Crude death rate | | | | |
| 20. The population living in per square meter is called its | | | | | | | |
| A) Census | B) Demography | C) Density | D) Geography | | | | |

END OF SECTION 'A'

SECTIONS B & C

Time: 2 hours 35 minutes Total Marks: 80

SECTION 'B'

Total Marks: 40

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any **EIGHT** questions from Section 'B'. Each question carries **FIVE** marks.

- Q.2 Differentiate between Hindu and Muslim culture.
- Q.3 State the historical and cultural background of Pakistan.
- Q.4 Describe the advantages and disadvantages of Biradari System in Pakistan.
- Q.5 Identify five problems of urban life in Pakistan.
- Q.6 Pakistan was created in the name of Islam. Explain it.
- Q.7 State the advantages and disadvantages of media.
- Q.8 What is the role of women in social development?
- Q.9 Describe the five important aspects of family planning in Pakistan.
- Q.10 Explain the 'Rate of Natural Increase'.
- Q.11 State the Malthusian's Theory of Population.
- Q.12 Point out the problems of rural communities of Pakistan.
- Q.13 Describe the educational services of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan.

END OF SECTION 'B'

SECTION 'C'

Total Marks: 40

Note: Attempt any <u>TWO</u> questions from Section 'C'. Each question carries <u>TWENTY</u> marks.

- Q.14 (a) State the effects of overpopulation in our country.
- Q.14(b) Describe the beginning and evolution of Two Nation Theory in the sub-continent.
- Q.15 (a) Discuss the reasons for the presence of the nuclear family system in Pakistan.
- Q.15 (b) State the caste system in Pakistan.
- Q.16 (a) Explain the family system in Pakistan.
- Q.16 (b) Highlight the importance of family planning in Pakistan.

END OF PAPER